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<div style="text-align: justify;"></div> <div
style="text-align: justify;"><br /></div> <div style="text-align: justify;">Kompatibiln zapojen 
<span style="color: #000000;"><a target="_blank"
href="index.php/koutek-avr/94-kit-2-lcd-panel-s-atmega8-zapojeni-a-programy/524-avr-lcd-pane
l-s-atmega8">LCD panel s ATmega8</a></span></div> <div style="text-align: justify;"><br
/></div> <div style="text-align: justify;">Ke sta en  <a target="_blank"
href="http://www.ok1kvk.cz/upload/ok1wmr/clanky/avr/programy/LCD_001/LCD_001.c">LCD_0
01.c</a> ==  <a target="_blank"
href="http://www.ok1kvk.cz/upload/ok1wmr/clanky/avr/programy/LCD_001/LCD_001.pdf">LCD
_001.pdf</a> ==  <a
href="http://www.ok1kvk.cz/upload/ok1wmr/clanky/avr/programy/LCD_001/LCD_001.htm">LCD
_001.htm</a><br /></div> <div style="text-align: justify;"><span style="color:
#ffffff;">.</span><br /></div> <div style="text-align: justify;"><span style="color:
#ffffff;">.</span><br /></div> <hr /> <span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"></span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"></span></span> Untitled &lt;!-- body { color: #000000;
background-color: #FFFFFF; } .cpp1-assembler { } .cpp1-brackets { } .cpp1-comment { color:
#008000; font-style: italic; } .cpp1-float { color: #000080; } .cpp1-hexadecimal { color: #000080;
} .cpp1-character { } .cpp1-identifier { } .cpp1-illegalchar { } .cpp1-number { color: #000080; }
.cpp1-octal { color: #0000FF; } .cpp1-preprocessor { } .cpp1-reservedword { font-weight: bold; }
.cpp1-space { color: #008080; } .cpp1-string { color: #800000; } .cpp1-symbol { } --&gt;
<span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment">/* Za   e s nov m
p  ravkem ATmega_lcd_uni, kter  je vybaven znakov m LCD displejem a kl esnic  LCD
displej m zobrazovac kapacitu dva  ky po  estn ti sloupc h (32 znak?) znaky (p menka
a speci n znaky jsou ulo en p  o v pam ti displeje a p ibli n  odpov aj ASCII tabulce
(viz datasheet displeje rc1602b-biw-esx) Proto e je ale v robci jasn   e by n kdo mohl cht 
na displeji zobrazovat i jin znaky, ne  kter jsou uvedeny v tabulce, ponechal 8 m t
voln ch, kam si m  eme nahr  vlastn znaky V t inou se tato m ta vyu  aj pro p mena
s  eskou interpunkc (ta v z ladn tabulce nejsou) Kl esnice je tvo ena dv ma  adami po
t ech tla  k h, co  je pro v t inu aplikac dostate n  po et. Nav  je ke ka dou tla  ku
s iov  p ipojena dioda, a to tak,  e lze rozli it i v e stisknut ch tla  ek najednou. Je tedy
mo n pou  at dvojhmoty (i "v ehmaty"), co  n  roz i uje po et samotn ch tla  ek o
jejich vz emn kombinace. */
/* Jak u  to v programov b v  prvn co program nap ,
je text "Hello World". N prvn program tedy bude d lat to sam  ale proto e jsme   i,
p id e je t  tuto hl u v   tin . Nejprve ale mus e do na eho programu vlo it rutiny pro
komunikaci s displejem, a soubor s konfigurac pin  mikrokontrol u pro tento p  ravek.
jedn se o soubory "atmega_lcd_uni_cfg.c" a "lcd.c". Soubor "atmega_lcd_uni_cfg.c" obsahuje
informace o tom, ke kter m pin m je p ipojen displej a ke kter m je p ipojena kl esnice.
Mus b t proto vlo en je t  p ed souborem "lcd.c". Soubor "lcd.c" obsahuje rutiny pro pr i s
displejem. Nemus e se tedy starat o to jak s displejem komunikovat, ale m  eme ji  rovnou
na n j pos at data pomoc ji  hotov ch funkc  Funkce v souboru "lcd.c" jsou: void
lcd_ini (void);//inicializace displeje (nastaven pin  a zah en komunikace) void lcd_char
(unsigned char dat);//nap  znak pomoc ASCII k u (p mena,   la) void lcd_num3
(unsigned int num,unsigned char znak);//nap  cislo (3 cifry) void lcd_num2 (unsigned char
num,unsigned char znak);//nap  cislo (2 cifry)<br /> </span></span><span style="font: 10pt
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Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment"> </span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier
New;"><span class="cpp1-comment"></span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier
New;"><span class="cpp1-comment"></span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier
New;"><span class="cpp1-comment"> //znak = uvodni znak misto nul void lcd_byt (unsigned
char byt) //nap bajt (?lo 0..255) bez vodn h nul void lcd_text (char* text); //nap textov
?et?zec (um t n v pam ti RAM) void lcd_ftext (const char* text); //nap textov ?et?zec
um t n v pam ti FLASH void lcd_instr (unsigned char ins); //po le displeji instrukci void cls
(void) //vyma e displej void cursor_off (void) //vypni kurzor void cursor_on (void) //zapni
kurzor void cursor_blink (void) //kurzor blika void shift_lcd_left (void) //posun text doleva void
shift_lcd_right(void) //posun text doprava void gotoxy (unsigned char lin,unsigned char col)<br
/></span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment">
</span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment">
</span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment">
</span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span class="cpp1-comment"> //nastav
kurzor na ?ek (lin) a sloupec (col) */ /* M?eme se tedy pustit do psan programu: */
</span><span class="cpp1-preprocessor">#define F_CPU 1000000 </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> // Taktovac frekvence procesoru 1 MHz </span><span
class="cpp1-preprocessor">#include <avr/io.h> </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //Knihovna vstup a v stup? </span><span
class="cpp1-preprocessor">#include "atmega_lcd_uni_cfg.c" </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //konfigurace vstup a v stup? pro p?ravek ATmega_lcd_uni
</span><span class="cpp1-preprocessor">#include "lcd.c" </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //Obslu n rutiny pro display /* Aby soubory "atmega_lcd_uni_cfg.c"
a "lcd.c" ly vlo it, musej b t ve stejn slo ce jako zdrojov k tohoto programu (tento
soubor). jinak je pot eba cestu v direktiv? "#include" n e it? upravit. */ </span><span
class="cpp1-reservedword">int</span><span class="cpp1-space"> </span><span
class="cpp1-identifier">main(</span><span class="cpp1-reservedword">void</span><span
class="cpp1-brackets">) { lcd_ini();</span><span class="cpp1-space"> </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //inicializace displeje (nastaven v stupn h pin? a
zah en komunikace) </span><span class="cpp1-identifier">cls();</span><span
class="cpp1-space"> </span><span class="cpp1-comment"> //p? az pro smaz d displeje - te?
by na n?m sice nem?lo <br /></span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"> </span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"> </span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"> </span></span><span style="font: 10pt Courier New;"><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //nic b t, ale pro jistotu </span><span
class="cpp1-identifier">gotoxy(</span><span class="cpp1-number">1</span><span
class="cpp1-symbol">,</span><span class="cpp1-number">1</span><span
class="cpp1-brackets">);</span><span class="cpp1-space"> </span><span
class="cpp1-comment"> //nastav e kurzor na za?ek prvn o ?ku (?ek 1, znak 1)
</span><span class="cpp1-identifier">lcd_text(</span><span class="cpp1-string">"Hello
World!"</span><span class="cpp1-brackets">);</span><span class="cpp1-space">
</span><span class="cpp1-comment"> //nap me text </span><span
class="cpp1-identifier">gotoxy(</span><span class="cpp1-number">2</span><span
class="cpp1-symbol">,</span><span class="cpp1-number">1</span><span
class="cpp1-brackets">);</span><span class="cpp1-space"> </span><span

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AVR - LCD panel - #1 Program

Napsal uživatel Vašek Kr

Středa, 14 Březen 2012 09:09

```
class="cpp1-comment">//nastav kurzor na za?ek druh?o ?ku (?ek 2, znak 1)
</span><span class="cpp1-identifier">lcd_text(</span><span class="cpp1-string">"Ahoj
Svete!"</span><span class="cpp1-brackets">);</span><span class="cpp1-space">
</span><span class="cpp1-comment">//nap?me ?esk? text </span><span
class="cpp1-reservedword">while</span><span class="cpp1-brackets">(</span><span
class="cpp1-number">1</span><span class="cpp1-brackets">)</span><span
class="cpp1-space"> </span><span class="cpp1-comment">//hlavn?sm?ka </span><span
class="cpp1-space"> </span><span class="cpp1-brackets">{ </span><span
class="cpp1-space"> </span><span class="cpp1-symbol">;</span><span class="cpp1-space">
</span><span class="cpp1-comment">// nic se ned?l(po? dokola) </span><span
class="cpp1-space"> </span><span class="cpp1-brackets">} } </span><span
class="cpp1-comment">//konec programu //Pro radioklub OK1KVK napsal Vašek Kr
</span></span>
```